

Submission by Georgia

1. Name of the party

Georgia

2. Please provide the names and locations of existing centres of excellence for sustainable cooling and testing centres for energy efficiency in your country or region

NA

3. Are there plans to set up a centres of excellence for sustainable cooling and/or testing centres for energy efficiency in your country/region? If yes, please provide more information on these ongoing efforts

NA

4. Please describe policies implemented in your country/region that support the setting up and operations of such centers of excellence for sustainable cooling and testing centers for energy efficiency

National legislation in the field of energy efficiency does not give enough motivation at this stage for sustainable cooling and/or testing centres. Law on Energy Labelling, adopted in 2019, mandates clear labelling and product information sheets for energy-consuming appliances, including key RACHP-related products such as refrigeration equipment, air conditioners, and space heaters in line with the EU's energy labelling framework. Fourteen technical regulations covering these products have been approved and entered into force on 1 January 2026. In addition, Ecodesign Law and 9 regulations are under development to restrict inefficient, high-energy-consuming devices. These requirements, once adopted in the near future, will establish the need for sustainable cooling and/or testing centres.

5. Please describe activities and specific functions of the existing/planned centres of excellence for sustainable cooling and testing centres for energy efficiency

NA

6. Please share key lessons learned, including best practices and challenges encountered in establishing or operating the centres of excellence for sustainable cooling and testing centres for energy efficiency

NA

7. Please provide any supporting documentation (e.g. policy documents, reports, website links etc.)

NA

8. Any other information

NA